

## WOULD LET CITY HAVE ONLY HALF OF SENATORS

Bill Before Constitutional Convention Called "Unfair Discrimination."

## TRIBUNE'S CENSUS PLAN IS ADOPTED

C. H. Young's Literacy Test Proposal Defeated by Rally of Votes Against It.

[From a Staff Correspondent of the Tribune.] Albany, Aug. 26.—New York City is prevented from ever having more than one-half of the state senators, regardless of its population, by a proposal submitted to the Constitutional Convention to-night by the Committee on Legislative Organization. Only a determined fight by Nathan Burkan, of New York, and a few other members of the committee prevented the same inhibition being applied to the Assembly.

"Any New York delegate who votes for this amendment as it now stands, with this unfair discrimination against New York City," said Mr. Burkan, "will be disloyal to his town. It is a greater discrimination than that contained in the present constitution, which provides that no two adjoining counties shall have more than one-half of the senators."

The fight which Senator Root, Frederick C. Tanner and other leaders of the convention have made to keep the reapportionment question out of the convention is won, for the proposal provides that the Legislature of 1910 shall make the reapportionment under the present rules.

**Tribune Suggestion Acted On.** The proposal also incorporates the suggestion of The Tribune, that hereafter there shall be no census taken by the state, but that the reapportionment shall be based on the figures of the Federal enumerators. This will mean a saving of upward of half a million dollars every ten years, as the constitution now provides that there shall be a state census every decade.

The clause restricting the Senatorial representation of New York City is as follows:

"No county shall have four or more senators unless it shall have a full ratio for each senator. No county shall have more than one-third of all the senators, and no counties wholly contained within the limits of a single city shall have more than one-half of all the senators."

The proposal continues the present number of senators and assemblymen. It is possible that through this New York City may have an additional assemblyman. This will depend on the population of Staten Island. At present greater New York has sixty-three assemblymen.

The short ballot proposal was made a special order for to-morrow. A vote will probably be taken on it Monday at the latest. Frederick C. Tanner, chairman of the committee which drafted the article, said to-day that he was certain the bill would go through. There is considerable opposition to it, and there is talk of a coalition of the reactionaries and the Tammany men to defeat it. The Democrats held a conference to-day to decide what action to take on it. A substitute proposal was voted down as likely to raise the cry that the Democrats were playing partisan politics.

**Would Create Office of Auditor.** Senator Robert F. Wagner received assurances that his Democratic associates would stand behind his proposition to amend the short ballot article by adding the office of auditor to the list of state departments. This official

## A YEAR AGO TO-DAY IN THE WORLD WAR

Longwy and Namur taken by Germans.  
Germans recaptured Malines.  
British marines landed at Ostend.  
The German liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, transformed into an auxiliary cruiser, was sunk on the West African coast by the British cruiser Highflyer.

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C. H. Young's Literacy Test Proposal Defeated by Rally of Votes Against It.

[From a Staff Correspondent of the Tribune.] Albany, Aug. 26.—With the aid of Elihu Root, the foes of the literacy test proposal, the amendment by C. H. Young, of Westchester, was killed in the Constitutional Convention to-day by a vote of 77 to 67.

Albany, Aug. 26.—With the aid of Elihu Root, the foes of the literacy test proposal, the amendment by C. H. Young, of Westchester, was killed in the Constitutional Convention to-day by a vote of 77 to 67. The debate was marked by an appeal by Meier Steinbrink, of Brooklyn, who many believed would have turned the tide but for the missionary work of the president of the convention. Mr. Steinbrink's speech was in the nature of a reply to Louis Marshall, of New York, who declared that the amendment if adopted would be taken as an insult to the Hebrews of the state.

"This is purely an American question," said Mr. Steinbrink. "Considerations of race or creed have no place in its discussion. We have been sent here to prepare a constitution for the 11,000,000 people in this state. If this proposal," said Mr. Steinbrink, "denied to any man who now enjoys the privilege of voting, the continuance of that privilege I would oppose it. To those who are approaching the time when they may vote this proposal gives two years in which they may learn to read and write English. At present the immigrant must live in a country for five years before he becomes a citizen. It is unreasonable to expect from him that in that period he will acquaint himself with the language of the land sufficiently to enjoy the privilege of voting? My analysis of the proposal convinces me it is sound."

The Republicans stood pretty solidly behind Mr. Young despite the efforts of some of the leaders to switch them from him. To-day he had sixty-four of them with him, including A. T. Clearwater, George W. Wickersham, William Herri, James S. Wadsworth, and three Democrats, Dykman, Griffin and Weed.

Forty-four Republicans, mostly from cities, and thirty-three Democrats voted against the proposal. Among the Republicans who voted against the measure were Frederick C. Tanner, Jesse S. Phillips, Superintendent of Insurance; George E. Greene, Excise Commissioner; John Lord O'Brien, Tax Commissioner; Martin G. Saxe and Lemuel Ely Quigg.

Mr. Young in addressing the convention declared that if it had the courage of its convictions it would vote with him. Nintons states, he added, had a literacy test, many severer than his, which merely requires that after January, 1918, one who wants to become a voter would have to write and read English.

"In every one of these states the amendment was carried by overwhelming majorities," said Mr. Young. John Lord O'Brien said that the real evil was not illiteracy among the voters, but the indifference of voters, this, he added, being largely confined to the educated classes.

Frank Mann, the German-American delegate from Brooklyn, who stirred the convention with his pro-German speech yesterday, declared to-day that the real patriots in this country are not the people who read the newspapers printed in English, but those who read the newspapers printed in foreign tongues.

"The people who read the foreign papers are not a menace, as has been said here," he declared. "By reading them they prevent the jingos and those who are not so patriotic from rushing the country into war."

Mann then asked to be excused from voting on the proposal, but Lemuel E. Quigg, of Columbia County, objected, and Mann voted against the proposal. Quigg took the same stand on the vote.

## SALE OF YEARLINGS AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY

Last Great Sale of Youngsters This Year on Tuesday Next.

Most of the Kentuckians and Canadians racing at Saratoga will remain in the East for the last great yearling sale of the season, which the Powers-Hunter Company will conduct at the Haggin barns, on Neck Road, near the Sheepshead Bay racetrack, on August 31. There will be no racing to distract the attention of prospective buyers, as the Saratoga meeting will wind up on August 20.

Fifty-seven yearlings from the Mere Hill, Spendrift, Glen Helen, Larchmont, Adelbert and Beque Bonita studs will go under the hammer, and this sale will give horsemen their last opportunity but one to buy youngsters for the two-year-old racing of 1916. The last yearling sale of the season will occur at Belmont Park next Thursday, when Adolph Spreckels's Napa Farm youngsters will be offered by the Powers-Hunter Company.

Two of the prominent stallions that will be represented in the sale of the 31st are McGee, sire of Herron, Donerail, a Kentucky Derby winner; Robert Bradley, Sharpshooter, Sam Meekin and Swish; Peep o' Day, sire of David Craig, an International Derby winner; John Gund, a Latonia Derby winner; Cock o' the Walk, a Saratoga Handicap winner; Phosphor and Top o' the Morning. Others are Nasturtium, Dick Fintell, Ben Trovato, Maria Santa, Jack Atkin, Trap Rock, Celt, Ogden, Cyclades, Peter Quince, Hastings, Knight of the Thistle, Helmet, Transvaal and George Kessler.

The youngsters of the Spreckels establishment to be sold next Thursday are sons and daughters of Solitaire II and his brilliant son Voorhees (he the sire of Hoenir and Runes; Puryear D., Dr. Leggo and one or two others.

**Browns Get a Catcher.** Louisville, Aug. 26.—Vernon Clemens, for the last three years catcher for the Louisville American Association Club, has been traded to the St. Louis Browns for five players. Clemens will report to the St. Louis club at the close of the association season. Four of the players to be secured from St. Louis will be named at the opening of the association season next year.

## MOOSE IGNORE COLONEL'S TIP

Pick John J. O'Connell for District Attorney, Instead of Corrigan.

## NAME FULL TICKET, BUT HINT FUSION

Indorse Justices Clarke and Greenbaum—List Halpin for Sheriff.

After a row, in which the informal indorsement for District Attorney of a man "of the type of Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan" by Colonel Roosevelt figured, the Progressive Executive Committee last night named a straight party ticket with the exception of Justices Clarke and Greenbaum. However, the intimation after the meeting was that the candidates named might be withdrawn and that a movement looking toward fusion might come to a head within forty-eight hours. This was the ticket named:

For District Attorney—John J. O'Connell, who ran for the Supreme Court last year.  
For Sheriff—William Halpin, former Republican and Deputy Register.  
For Supreme Court Justice—Justice Samuel Greenbaum, Justice John Proctor Clarke, William H. Hotchkiss, James J. Fitzgerald and W. Holden Weeks, Deputy Fire Commissioner.

A man from the Bronx will be named for the sixth place.  
For City Court—Former Assemblyman Michael Schnap.  
Although there was a general denial that the name of Magistrate Corrigan was seriously considered, it is understood that the committee was told of the stand taken by Colonel Roosevelt on his availability as District Attorney. Corrigan was denounced as not being a Progressive and as being unavailable because he was seeking the Democratic nomination. However, some of the leaders are in favor of indorsing him if he gets the Democratic indorsement.

Cambridge Livingston, a Change of Grade Commissioner under Mayor Gaynor and an old friend of Colonel Roosevelt, called on the Colonel yesterday in support of Corrigan.  
The Colonel said, according to Livingston, that the office should not be considered as a political one, and expressed the hope that the man chosen to fill it would be of the type of Magistrate Corrigan.

Before the resolution for a straight ticket was passed by the Progressives they rejected Frank Moss and several other candidates. Two Progressives were rejected—Hugh Gordon Miller, who wanted to be named for the Supreme Court, and "Suspend Jack" McGee, who is in the race for Sheriff. After the meeting Halpin, who got the indorsement that McGee wanted, greeted him in the hall.

"You have got a nerve to address me," said McGee. "You already have got a good job. You were thrown out of the Republican party and ought to be thrown out of the Progressive party, too. The trouble with this crowd is that when any one takes snuff everybody sneezes."

"Careful now," shouted Halpin, getting angry. "You can't talk to me that way."  
Peacemakers stepped in before it came to physical violence.  
Frank Moss said yesterday that while he believed a majority of the Republican leaders favored him for District Attorney, they would undoubtedly indorse District Attorney Perkins "because of pressure from certain quarters." He said he would go into the Republican primaries anyway.

Joseph J. McCormack, a boyhood friend of Charles F. Murphy, but now living in the 23d District, and James J. Hines, leader of the 19th, were added to the Democratic list of Sheriff possibilities yesterday.

## ARMED SHIP MAY BE HELD

Officials to Decide if British Vessel May Leave United States.

Washington, Aug. 26.—Whether the British steamer Waimana shall be allowed to clear from Newport News with a four-inch gun mounted on her deck will be decided to-morrow at a conference between officials of the Treasury and State departments.

Under an informal agreement between the American and British governments, entered into soon after the war began, British vessels leaving ports of the United States are not permitted to carry mounted guns. This arrangement was made to prevent any question arising as to the peaceful character of merchantmen, particularly passenger vessels, from American ports. Officials are not sure, however, that it applies to such a case as that of the Waimana, which is bound from France to South America, and merely put in at Newport News for coal.

## SHORE GIRLS TO AID CIRCUS

Novelty Acts Promised for Society—Benefit at Monmouth Grounds.

A society circus will be given at the Monmouth County Horse Show grounds to-morrow afternoon and evening for the benefit of different charities. Young women summering along the Jersey coast will perform in novelty acts and sell cigarettes, candy and flowers. Amateurs will appear as clowns, jugglers, high divers and horseback riders.

Aurel Rasko, the Hungarian portrait painter, will sketch your likeness for a consideration, while the band "discourses sweet music." Some boxes still remain unsold, and these may be secured at the West End Society Circus office, West End, N. J. Tickets will be mailed on request by making checks payable to Georgetown Wood, Hathaway Inn, Deal, N. J.

## 6 REPRIEVES; DIES TO-DAY

Trunk Murderer Occupied "Lucky Cell"—Once Saved by Russian Ambassador.

Ossining, Aug. 26.—Karol Dranowitz, who will go to the electric chair to-morrow morning at 5:30 for the murder of Jean Maryewitz, whose body was discovered in a trunk in Pitt Street, New York City, in December, 1913, would make no statement to-night, according to Deputy Warden Charles H. Johnson. The prisoner was attended by Father Caskin, prison chaplain, but appeared morose and silent.  
Dranowitz's death in the chair to-morrow follows six reprieves. He occupied the "lucky cell" in Sing Sing's death house, and was to have gone to his death with Becker.

## U. S. WAR HOSPITAL STAYS

Women's Organization in England Unaffected by Red Cross Withdrawal.

London, Aug. 26.—The work of the American Women's War Hospital at Paignton, a watering place in Devonshire, will not be interrupted by the decision of the Red Cross to withdraw its nursing units from all belligerent countries because of lack of funds. Announcement is made that steps have been taken to keep the hospital in operation.  
An American chief surgeon, has been appointed whose staff will consist of American and English nursing sisters.

## RICHMOND TIGER AFTER VAN NAME

Democrats Determined to Elect New Borough Head This Fall.

## POLITICAL CIRCLES UPSET BY MOVE

Action Based on Contentment He's Constitutional Officer—Fight May Go to Courts.

Political circles in the Borough of Richmond were upset yesterday when it was learned that the Democratic organization there had filed notice of the election of a Borough President in November to succeed Calvin D. Van Name.

They base their action on the contention that a Borough President is a constitutional officer and therefore whenever a vacancy occurs an appointed successor can serve only until January 1, following the next regular election. The charter reads:

"Any vacancy in the office of president (borough) shall be filled for the unexpired term by a majority vote of all members of the board representing such borough."

In the case of Aldermen Colne and Ferraro in Brooklyn last year, the Court of Appeals decided that an alderman is a constitutional officer, and a vacancy must be filled at the next regular election.  
The question now to be decided is

as to whether a Borough President is first a borough official and only incidentally a member of the Board of Aldermen. City officials last night were inclined to believe that such was the case, and that the charter provision of election to fill the unexpired term, which in this case is until January 1, 1918, would hold.

Corporation Counsel Polk has been asked to give an opinion.  
The action of the Democratic organization in Richmond is due to the fact that the three aldermen in electing Van Name, president, to succeed Charles J. McCormack, ignored the wishes of the leaders. Van Name is an independent Democrat.

After President McCormack's death in July Alderman William Fink tried to secure the Borough Presidency for himself. Alderman Charles P. Cole stood with him, but Alderman John O'Rourke would not agree to it. As Fink could not vote for himself, he could not be elected. After numerous conferences, in which the aldermen absolutely refused to take any advice from the leaders of the organization, they agreed upon Van Name.

There will be a meeting of the Democratic committee to-night to select a candidate for Borough President and candidates to succeed the three aldermen, whose renomination has been refused by the leaders. They will fight, however, and a lively session is expected.

Van Name already has caused the resignation of Spire Pitou, Commissioner of Public Works, and appointed Henry P. Morrison, a civil engineer, of West New Brighton. Morrison is also an independent Democrat. It is believed that President Van Name will fill other places with men of his own choice.

Members of the independent Democratic faction are prepared to fight the move of the organization for the election of another Borough President this fall.  
Republicans on Staten Island viewed with satisfaction the widening breach between the organization and the independent Democrats. When they learned that there might possibly be an elec-

tion, immediate steps were taken to have George Cromwell, for sixteen years Borough President of Richmond and now a state senator, run again for the office. Some one looked up the law, however, and found that to become a candidate he would have had to resign his Senatorship one hundred days before election.

## STORM SYNAGOGUE FOR WAR MOURNING

East Siders Postpone Services—Rabbis Decide on Larger Meeting Place.

A big mass meeting was to have been held in the East Side last night to consider means of aiding the 9,000,000 Jews in the war lands.  
While a great crowd stormed the gates of Ohav Zedek Synagogue, 175 Norfolk Street, a few of the 100 rabbis in convention here gathered in an ante room. They decided that the synagogue was too small and their mission too great to shut out the thousands who wished to be present at the mourning services which would have been held for the thousands of Jews who have perished in the European struggle. The meeting will be held next Tuesday night, in the Great Synagogue, Norfolk Street, near Grand.

The rabbis are here to conduct a campaign for funds. This money will be sent to the distressed millions abroad. If necessary, the Jewish ministers will canvass the large cities of the United States.  
Possibly never in the history of the race have Jewish spiritual leaders gone so far as arbitrarily to make the non-giving of funds a spiritual misdemeanor. They held that giving at the present moment is just as important as saying the daily prayer. Within a fortnight will commence Rosch-ha-schannah, the Jewish New Year, and the rabbis believe that the donations will possibly amount to as high a sum as \$1,000,000.

## HAYTI EXPECTED TO YIELD TO U. S.

Washington Is Sure of Agreement Giving Control of Customs.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Aug. 26.—Although no news has been received at the State Department of the acceptance of the American proposals for a ten-year trusteeship in Hayti, it is confidently expected in administration circles that the measure will go through.  
The Haytian Minister here, Solon Menos, is convinced that the United States desires only to promote order and prosperity in his country and that the proposed plan would be of mutual benefit. He hopes for an entente between the United States and Hayti to forestall the possibility of European intervention. "To accomplish this he believes it will be necessary for both parties to make concessions."

Hayti's Parliament has been given until September 17 to act on the proposed treaty. In the meantime the American marines will continue to occupy the principal cities of the island to prevent a recurrence of anarchy.

Officials admitted to-day that if any strong European power succeeded in getting a foothold in the harbor of Mole St. Nicholas it would seriously threaten American control of the Panama Canal. Germany is not the only foreign nation that would like to have a base in Hayti, it is asserted, and this government plans to provide against such aspirations by any European power.

Navy Department officials say there would be no particular advantage for the United States in possession of the Mole, and so long as no European power possesses it is content to let

## CAMMEYER STAMPED ON A SHOE MEANS STANDARD OF MERIT

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it alone. The base at Guantanamo serves the same purpose, and is in every way as valuable as a key to the Panama Canal as the harbor of the Mole.

The tentative draft of the proposed treaty between this country and Hayti gives the United States control of both the collection and disbursement of customs in Hayti. In Santo Domingo the funds for local needs are expended by local officials.

American marines patrol in Port-au-Prince were fired on twice last night, but none was hurt, and Rear Admiral Caperton reported conditions unchanged to-day. The gunboat Nashville has gone to Port-de-Paix with one company of marines and four machine guns.

**Coca-Cola**

and Advertising

SOME people have said that our advertising is good. If that be the case, it is simply because Coca-Cola's own deliciousness has been the inspiration.

Advertising did not "make" Coca-Cola—goodness and deliciousness are its foundation stones and advertising is but the message that carries the news of this deliciousness to every nook and corner of this great country.

Advertising has let people know why Coca-Cola should be popular—but it has been Coca-Cola itself that has proved to all why it is popular.

This is no denial of the part advertising has played in our success—but it is placing credit to advertising where it belongs and credit to quality where it belongs. While we are proud that our advertising has pleased, there is another feature of it that arouses a more serious and earnest pride.

We are proud of our advertising—because it is more than pretty or strong or effective; it is truth-telling advertising. What we say of Coca-Cola in our advertisements is based absolutely on what Coca-Cola is.

And frankly—if the advertising has played the part we think it has in making Coca-Cola known, it is because of this very truthfulness of our printed words.

What has been said has been verified by Coca-Cola itself—always. Such advertising and such a product in combination are certain to produce complete satisfaction in the purchaser's mind. It is this kind of satisfaction that has made people buy Coca-Cola and buy again.

Just one single glass of Coca-Cola will tell you all we mean when we say that advertising has advertised what Coca-Cola has verified. This we call successful advertising.

Our Free Booklet—"The Romance of Coca-Cola" is interesting and attractive—send for it.

Demand the genuine by full name—nicknames encourage substitution.

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ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow, think of Coca-Cola.

**HEINZ**  
Tomato  
Ketchup

(Free from Benzoate of Soda)

possesses a distinctive flavor, that has made it famous the world over. Delicious with cold meals on hot days.

One of the 57

**To Beachwood Lot Owners**

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**DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY:**  
6:00 A. M. arriving at Beachwood 8:25 A. M.  
10:00 A. M. arriving at Beachwood 12:25 P. M.  
1:30 P. M. arriving at Beachwood 4:20 P. M.  
6:00 P. M. arriving at Beachwood 7:25 P. M.

**SATURDAYS ONLY:**  
1:00 P. M. arriving at Beachwood 3:05 P. M.

**SUNDAYS ONLY:**  
8:45 A. M. arriving at Beachwood 11:15 A. M.  
6:45 A. M. arriving at New York 9:07 A. M.  
9:45 A. M. arriving at New York 12:00 Noon.  
1:45 P. M. arriving at New York 3:25 P. M.  
6:00 P. M. arriving at New York 9:25 P. M.

**SUNDAYS ONLY:**  
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